# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA ATLANTA DIVISION

OGHENETEGA C. EDEWOR	)	
& OTTO STUDIEMYER, III	)	
	)	Civil Action
Plaintiffs,	)	
	)	
vs.	)	CASE NO.:
	)	
UR MENDOZA JADDOU, Director	)	
of U.S. Citizenship and Immigration	)	
Services, and JERRY L. ADDISON,	)	
Acting Director of Atlanta Field Office of	)	
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	
	_)	

# PLAINTIFFS' ORIGINAL COMPLAINT FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS AND DECLARATORY JUDGMENT UNDER THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT

# To the Honorable Judges of this Court:

COME NOW, **Oghenetega Edewor** and **Otto Studiemyer**, **III**, Plaintiffs in the above-styled and numbered cause, by and through the undersigned attorney of record, and for cause of action would show unto the Court the following:

1. This is an action for mandamus, brought against the Defendants to compel action on an immigrant visa petition and adjustment of status application filed by Plaintiff and her spouse. The petition and application were presented to and

- remain within the jurisdiction of the Defendants, who have improperly withheld action on said petition and application to Plaintiffs' detriment.
- 2. The claims for mandamus and injunctive relief seek an order from the Court compelling Defendants to perform a duty that Defendants owe to Plaintiffs; namely, to cause Defendants to adjudicate and process Plaintiffs' petition and application. The claim for declaratory relief seeks a judicial declaration that Defendants are required under law to complete the adjudication process for Plaintiffs.

#### **PARTIES**

- 3. Plaintiff Beneficiary Oghenetega C. Edewor, (Alien Number: A214 855 812) is a native and citizen of Nigeria. Her husband filed a Form I-130, Petition for Alien Relative, on her behalf, concurrently filing her own Form I-485, Application to Register Permanent Residence or Adjust Status, which, as will be shown, Defendants have unlawfully failed to adjudicate.
- 4. Plaintiff Petitioner Otto Studiemyer, III is a U.S. citizen. He filed a Petition for Alien Relative on behalf of his spouse, Oghenetega C. Edewor.
- 5. Defendant Ur Mendoza Jaddou is the Director of the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services [hereinafter, USCIS] a branch of the Department of Homeland Security. The USCIS is charged with all adjudication duties pertaining to immigration applications. Defendant is the official of the USCIS

- generally charged with administrative and supervisory authority over all operations of the USCIS.
- 6. Defendant Jerry L. Addison is the Acting USCIS Atlanta Field Office Director. Defendant Addison is sued in his official capacity and is the official of USCIS generally charged with supervisory authority over all operations of USCIS within her District with certain specific exceptions not relevant here. 8 C.F.R. § 103.1(g)(2)(ii)(B). Specifically, Defendant is responsible for the adjudication of Petitions for Alien Relative and Applications to Register Permanent Residence or Adjust Status in her service area. As will be shown, Defendant is the official with whom Plaintiffs' applications were properly filed.

## **JURISDICTION**

7. Jurisdiction, in this case, is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1361, 5 U.S.C. § 701 et seq.; and 28 U.S.C. § 2201 et seq. Relief is requested according to said statutes.

#### **VENUE**

8. Venue is proper in this court, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(e), that this is an action against officers and agencies of the United States in their official capacities brought in the district where the Plaintiffs in the action reside, and no real property is involved in the action.

# **EXHAUSTION OF REMEDIES**

9. Plaintiff has exhausted her administrative remedies. No other remedy is adequate in this case because Defendants have neither updated nor made a decision on the Plaintiff's <u>five-year-old</u> Petition for Alien Relative and Application to Register Permanent Residence or Adjust Status. Immediate action, such as that offered by a mandamus action under the Administrative Procedure Act, is the only relief available.

## LEGAL BACKGROUND

- 10. This Court has jurisdiction to review USCIS's action concerning Plaintiffs' immigration case according to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and the Administrative Procedures Act. See Kim v. Ashcroft, 340 F. Supp. 2d 384 (S.D.N.Y. 2004) (holding that subject matter jurisdiction exists pursuant to the Defendant's violation of 5 U.S.C. § 555(b) of the Administrative Procedure Act ("APA") in conjunction with the federal question statute); Yu v. Brown, 36 F. Supp.2d 922, 930 (D.N.M. 1999) (noting that "courts have specifically recognized jurisdiction under § 1331 and the APA to hear challenges to INS delays in processing visas, LPR, and citizen applications").
- 11. The APA, 5 USC §701 *et seq.* at § 704 states that acts by government agencies are, "final agency action for which there is no other adequate remedy in a court are subject to judicial review." There is no other appropriate remedy in this

situation because USCIS withheld action on Plaintiffs' petition. There not being any other adequate remedy in this situation, the only option for Plaintiffs is this instant action in this court.

## 12. Moreover, 5 U.S.C. § 706 states:

The reviewing court shall—

- (1) compel agency action unlawfully withheld or unreasonably delayed; and
- (2) hold unlawful and set aside agency action, findings, and conclusions found to be—
  - (A) arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law;
  - **(B)** contrary to constitutional right, power, privilege, or immunity;
  - (C) in excess of statutory jurisdiction, authority, or limitations, or short of statutory right;
  - **(D)** without observance of procedure required by law;
  - (E) unsupported by substantial evidence in a case subject to sections 556 and 557 of this title or otherwise reviewed on the record of an agency hearing provided by statute; or
  - **(F)** unwarranted by the facts to the extent that the facts are subject to trial de novo by the reviewing court.
- 13. In this case, this Court has jurisdiction to set aside agency actions that are

- "arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law." Thus, this Court has jurisdiction to compel agency action unlawfully withheld or unreasonably delayed because Defendants have failed to process the petition and application filed by Plaintiff and her spouse.
- 14. A U.S. Citizen spouse or child files a petition on behalf of the non-citizen on Form I-130, otherwise known as a Petition for Alien Relative. Approval of this petition allows an immigrant visa to be immediately available to the Beneficiary of said petition. See INA § 201 [8 U.S.C. § 1151(b)(2)(A)(i)].
- 15. Defendants have willfully and unreasonably withheld action on Plaintiffs' I-130 petition and I-485 application, preventing Plaintiff Beneficiary from advancing her pursuit of Lawful Permanent Resident status.
- 16. The Defendants, in violation of the Administrative Procedures Act, 5 USC §701 *et seq.*, have unlawfully withheld action on Plaintiffs' petition and therefore, have failed to carry out the adjudicative functions delegated to them by law with regard to Plaintiffs' case.
- 17. Accordingly, Plaintiffs have been forced to pursue the instant action.

# **CAUSE OF ACTION**

18. Plaintiff is a Nigerian native and citizen who entered the United States on a B2 visa on December 15, 2016.

- 19. On April 12, 2018, Plaintiff and her spouse filed their initial Form I-130,
  Petition for Alien Relative, and Form I-485, Application to Register Permanent
  Residence or Adjust Status. See Exhibit 1, I-130 Receipt Notice and Exhibit
  2, I-485 Receipt Notice.
- 20. On March 14, 2019, Plaintiff and her spouse attended an initial interview with USCIS. On May 27, 2021, they were called for another interview, and they attended the said interview.
- 21. Plaintiff has received no further communication from the Service since filing the application. No further documentation has been requested, nor has the Service set another interview in the intervening **two (2) years**.
- 22. Defendants' failure to take the appropriate action required by law to adjudicate Plaintiff's Petition and Application is denying her a privilege to which she is entitled. Accordingly, Plaintiff is suffering continuing harm due to this unreasonable delay.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs prays this Honorable Court grant the following relief:

A. Enjoin Defendants from further delaying the adjudication of Plaintiffs' I-130 Petition and I-485 Application;

- B. To compel the Defendants and their agents to immediately adjudicate Plaintiffs'
   I-130 Petition and I-485 Application according to the law and regulations by which they are bound;
- C. Award Plaintiffs reasonable attorney's fees; and,
- D. Grant such other and further relief at law and in equity as justice may require.

Respectfully submitted,

This 17th day of June 2023.

# THE FOGLE LAW FIRM, LLC

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